Amd. Dated 10/25/04

Response To Action Mailed 6/24/04

Listing of Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in

the application:

Claim 1. (currently amended) A method for resetting bus segments to clear bus hang

in an I/O subsystem having a plurality of bus segments, each bus segment having a set

of devices and a bus that is coupled to the set of devices, the I/O subsystem having at

least one expander, each expander being arranged to couple a pair of buses for

propagating communication signals, a first of the bus segments being coupled by a

first one of the expanders only to a second of the bus segments, the method

comprising the operations of:

a) asserting a first reset signal on only the a first bus segment in a manner by

which the first reset signal is normally transmitted through the first expander to the

second bus segment;

b) in response to the first reset signal asserted on the first bus segment,

resetting the first each expander coupled to the first bus segment and resetting each

device in the first bus segment in response to the reset signal, and establishing a first

reset isolation mode of the first expander to perform wherein each expander coupled

to the first bus segment isolates the reset signal isolation such that the first reset signal

is not propagated through the first expander to the second other bus segment

segments; and

c) for operating the first each expander coupled to the first bus segment for;

c1) after resetting the first expander and the devices in the first bus

segment, in a segment isolation mode of the first expander, isolating all the

communication signals such that the first each expander prevents propagation of the communication signals between the first bus segment and the second other bus segment wherein a busy signal from the second bus segment will not propagate to the first bus segment and will not interrupt clearing of the first bus segment;

- c2) determining whether the <u>bus of the second</u> other bus <u>segment</u> is no longer hung;
- c3) <u>during the first reset isolation mode</u>, if the <u>other</u> bus <u>of the second</u> <u>bus segment</u> is still hung, issuing a <u>first</u> far-side reset signal on the <u>other</u> <u>second</u> bus <u>segment</u> to reset the <u>other second</u> bus <u>segment</u>, propagation of the <u>first far-side reset signal to the reset first bus segment being prevented by the <u>first expander in the first reset isolation mode</u>; and</u>
- c4) if the other bus of the second bus segment is not hung, allowing propagation of the communication signals between the first bus segment and the second other bus segment; and
 - c5) ending the first reset isolation mode of the first extender.

Claim 2. (currently amended) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein a third of the bus segments is coupled by a second of the expanders only to the second bus segment, and if the bus of the second other bus segment is still hung, operations b) and c) are repeated for other expanders coupled to each of the buses the method further comprises the following operations:

d) in response to the first far-side reset signal on the second bus segment,

resetting the second expander coupled to the second bus segment and resetting each

device in the second bus segment and establishing a second reset isolation mode of

the second expander to perform far-side reset signal isolation such that the first far-

side reset signal is not propagated through the second expander to the third bus

segment.

Claim 3. (original) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein each expander enters

into a reset isolation mode in response to the respective reset signal.

Claims 4 and 5. (canceled)

Claim 6. (currently amended) The method as recited in claim 1, wherein a third of the

bus segments is coupled by a second of the expanders only to the second bus segment,

a host computer in the I/O subsystem on the first bus segment asserts the first reset

signal only on the first bus segment, and the first expander in the first reset isolation

mode isolates the first reset signal from being propagated through the first expander to

the second and third bus segments.

Claim 7. (currently amended) The method as recited in claim 1 [4], wherein the first

each expander exits the segment isolation mode so that when the second other bus is

not hung the first expander allows to allow the propagation of communication signals

between the first bus <u>segment</u> and the <u>second</u> other bus <u>segment</u>.

Claim 8. (currently amended) The method as recited in claim 7, wherein a third of the

bus segments is coupled by a second of the expanders only to the second bus segment,

the method comprising the further operations of:

after the first expander exits the segment isolation mode and in further

response to the first far-side reset signal on the second bus segment, establishing a

second reset isolation mode of the second expander to perform reset signal isolation

such that the first far-side reset signal is not propagated through the second expander

to the third bus segment; and

during the second reset isolation mode, if the bus of the third bus segment is

still hung, issuing a second far-side reset signal on the third bus segment to reset the

third bus segment, propagation of the second far-side reset signal to the reset second

bus segment being prevented by the second expander in the second reset isolation

mode;

wherein the first, second and third bus segments are reset one bus segment at a

time starting with resetting from the first bus segment and then resetting the second

bus segment and then resetting the third bus segment.

Claim 9. (currently amended) An expander device for isolating a reset between a pair

of bus segments in an I/O subsystem, each bus segment having a set of devices and a

bus that is coupled to the set of devices, the expander device being arranged to couple

the respective bus of a first bus segment of the pair only to the respective bus of a

second bus segment of the pair for communication in the I/O subsystem, the expander

device comprising including:

a first I/O interface circuit configured to be coupled to the first bus segment,

the first I/O interface circuit being adapted to interface input and output

communication signals with the first bus segment;

a second I/O interface circuit configured to be coupled to the second bus

segment and being adapted to interface the input and output communication signals

with the second bus segment; and

a first an expander controller arranged to communicate the input and output

communication signals between only the first and second I/O interface circuits, the

first expander controller being configured to control communication between the first

and second bus segments, the first expander controller including a first reset and

segment isolation controller coupled between only the first and second I/O interface

circuits and adapted to isolate a reset signal received by the expander controller from

en the first bus segment through the first I/O interface circuit and to the first reset and

segment isolator controller so that the reset signal does not propagate through the

second I/O interface circuit from propagating to the second bus segment, the first reset

and segment isolation expander controller being further adapted to cause the I/O

interface circuits to isolate isolates all signals to prevent propagation of the signals

between the first and second bus segments during a period after isolating the reset

signal until the bus in the first second bus segment is cleared from a hang condition.

Claim 10. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 9, wherein the

first expander controller is adapted to be reset the expander device in response to the

reset signal and wherein all devices in the first bus segment reset in response to the

reset signal such that the bus in the first bus segment is cleared from the hang

condition.

Claim 11. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 9, wherein

after clearing the first bus segment, if the bus in the second bus segment is still hung,

the <u>first</u> expander controller issues a far-side reset signal to the bus in the second bus

segment to reset the second bus segment, and the isolation of the reset signal prevents

the propagation of the far-side reset signal to the first bus segment to prevent resetting

of the devices in the first bus segment.

Claim 12. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 9, wherein the

first expander controller allows propagation of all signals between the first and second

bus segments when the bus in the second bus segment is cleared from the hang

condition.

Claim 13. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 9, wherein

the first reset and segment isolation controller is further adapted to determine, after

the period, whether the bus of the second bus segment is hung, and if not hung, to

cause the I/O interface circuits to allow propagation of all the signals between the first

and second bus segments the expander controller enters into a reset isolation mode in

response to the reset signal. through 17.

Claims 14 through 17. (canceled)

Claim 18. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 11 9, wherein

the expander device isolates a second reset between a second pair of bus segments in

the I/O subsystem, the expander device further being arranged to couple the

respective bus of the second bus segment only to the respective bus of a third bus

segment of the second pair for communication in the I/O subsystem, the expander

device further comprising:

a third I/O interface circuit configured to be coupled only to the second bus

segment, the third I/O interface circuit being adapted to interface input and output

communication signals with the second bus segment;

a fourth I/O interface circuit configured to be coupled only to the third bus

segment and being adapted to interface the input and output communication signals

with the third bus segment; and

a second expander controller arranged to communicate the input and output

communication signals between only the third and fourth I/O interface circuits, the

second expander controller including a second reset and segment isolation controller

coupled between only the third and fourth I/O interface circuits and adapted to isolate

the far-side reset signal received on the second bus segment so that the far-side reset

signal does not propagate through the fourth I/O interface circuit to the third bus

segment, wherein the second reset and isolation controller is further adapted to cause

the third and fourth I/O circuits to isolate all signals to prevent propagation of all the

signals between the second and third bus segments during a second period after

isolating the far-side reset signal until the bus in the second bus segment is cleared

from a hang condition;

wherein the first and second bus segments are reset one bus segment at a time

starting with from the first bus segment, and continuing to the hung second and third

bus segment, wherein all of the resetting of the first, second, and third bus segments is

in response to the first reset signal that was received on the first bus segment.

Claim 19. (currently amended) The expander device as recited in claim 18 9, wherein

if the buses of the respective first and second bus segments are hung, then one after

the other each of the respective first and second reset and segment isolation

controllers controller generates a respective far-side reset isolation signal, which is

provided to reset respective output buffers in the respective first and second-I/O

interface circuits to disable propagation of the respective far-side reset signal from the

first I/O interface circuit to the first bus segment and to disable propagation of the

respective far-side reset signal from to the first and second bus third I/O interface

circuit to the third bus segment segments.

Claim 20. (canceled)

Claim 21. (currently amended) An SCSI expander for resetting bus segments to clear bus hang in an SCSI I/O subsystem, each bus segment having a set of devices and a bus that is coupled to the set of devices, the SCSI expander being arranged to couple a first bus in a first bus segment and a second bus in a second bus segment, the SCSI expander being configured to repeat communication signals by receiving the communication signals from one SCSI bus segment and outputting the communication signals to the other SCSI bus segment, the SCSI expander comprising:

a first SCSI I/O interface circuit adapted to interface communication signals with the first SCSI bus segment;

a second SCSI I/O interface circuit adapted to interface the communication signals with the second SCSI bus segment; and

an SCSI expander controller coupled to communicate the communication signals between only the first and second SCSI I/O interface circuits, the SCSI expander controller being arranged to control communication between the first and second SCSI bus segments, the SCSI expander controller including a first reset and segment isolation controller coupled between only the first and second SCSI I/O interface circuits and adapted to operate in a reset isolation mode to isolate a reset signal received by the SCSI expander controller from on the first bus segment through the first SCSI interface circuit and to the first SCSI interface circuit and to prevent the reset signal from propagating to the second bus segment whether or not the second bus segment is in a bus hung condition, wherein the SCSI expander controller also operates in a segment isolation mode to isolate isolates all communication signals to prevent propagation of the communication signals between the first and second bus

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segments during a period after isolating the reset signal until the first second bus is in

a BUS FREE state.

Claim 22. (currently amended) The SCSI expander as recited in claim 21, wherein the

SCSI expander controller is adapted to be reset the SCSI expander in response to the

reset signal and wherein all devices in the first bus segment reset in response to the

reset signal such that the first bus is in the BUS FREE state.

Claim 23. (currently amended) The SCSI expander as recited in claim 21, wherein if

the second bus is still hung after the SCSI expander controller exits the segment

isolation mode and during the reset isolation mode, the SCSI expander controller

issues a far-side reset signal, the SCSI expander controller in the reset isolation mode

allowing the far-side reset signal to be communicated to the second bus to reset the

second bus segment and preventing the far-side reset signal from being communicated

to the first bus segment wherein the far-side reset signal does not reset the first bus

segment.

Claims 24 through 28. (canceled)

Claim 29. (currently amended) The SCSI expander as recited in claim 21, wherein:

the SCSI I/O subsystem includes a third bus segment having a third bus, and

the SCSI expander is configured to couple the second bus in the second bus

segment and the third bus in the third bus segment, the SCSI expander further

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comprising:

respective third and fourth SCSI I/O interface circuits adapted to interface

communication signals with the respective second and third SCSI bus segments; and

an other SCSI expander controller coupled to communicate the

communication signals between the third and fourth SCSI I/O interface circuits, the

other SCSI expander controller being arranged to control communication between the

second and third SCSI bus segments, the other SCSI expander controller including an

other reset and segment isolation controller coupled between only the third and fourth

SCSI I/O interface circuits and adapted to isolate a far-side reset signal received on

the second bus segment to prevent the far-side reset signal from propagating to the

third bus segment, wherein the first and second bus segments are reset one bus

segment at a time starting with from the first bus segment and next to the second bus

segment, wherein all the resets are in response to the reset signal received on the first

bus segment.

Claim 30. (new) The method as recited in claim 6, further comprising the operations

of:

after resetting of the first and second bus segments, performing the following

operations:

d) in response to the first far-side reset signal asserted on the second bus

segment, resetting the second expander coupled to the second bus segment and

establishing a second reset isolation mode of the second expander to perform reset

signal isolation such that the first far-side reset signal is not propagated through the

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second expander to the third bus segment; and

e) operating the second expander coupled to the second bus segment for:

el) after resetting the second expander and the devices in the second

bus segment, in a second segment isolation mode of the second expander,

isolating all the communication signals such that the second expander prevents

propagation of the communication signals between the second bus segment

and the third bus segment, wherein a busy signal from the third bus segment

will not propagate to the first bus segment and will not interrupt clearing of the

first bus segment;

e2) determining whether the bus of the third bus segment is no longer

hung; and

e3) during the second reset isolation mode, if the bus of the third bus

segment is still hung, issuing a second far-side reset signal on the third bus

segment to reset the third bus segment, propagation of the second far-side

reset signal to the reset second bus segment being prevented by the second

expander in the second reset isolation mode.